

AO 440 (Rev. 12/09) Summons in a Civil Action

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of New York

LUIS JARA,

Plaintiff

v.

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, et al.

Defendant

Civil Action No. 13 - cv - 2507

Amended SUMMONS IN A CIVIL ACTION

To: *(Defendant's name and address)* MICHAEL A. CARDOZA,
Corporation Counsel of the City of New York
100 Church Street
New York, New York 10007

A lawsuit has been filed against you.

Within 21 days after service of this summons on you (not counting the day you received it) — or 60 days if you are the United States or a United States agency, or an officer or employee of the United States described in Fed. R. Civ. P. 12 (a)(2) or (3) — you must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached complaint or a motion under Rule 12 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer or motion must be served on the plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney,

whose name and address are: JON L. NORINSBERG
225 Broadway, Suite 2700
New York, N.Y. 10007

If you fail to respond, judgment by default will be entered against you for the relief demanded in the complaint. You also must file your answer or motion with the court.

CLERK OF COURT

Date: _____

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

-----X
LUIS JARA,

Plaintiff,

COMPLAINT

Civil Action No.: 13-CV-2507

-against-

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, SERGEANT MATTHEW RIZZUTO, Shield No.: 5708, SERGEANT GREGORY PRYER, Shield No.: 4705 and P.O.s "JOHN DOE" #1-10, Individually and in their Official Capacities, (the name John Doe being fictitious, as the true names are presently unknown),

Defendants.
-----X

Plaintiff, Luis Jara, by his attorney, Jon L. Norinsberg, Esq., complaining of the defendants, respectfully alleges as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff brings this action for compensatory damages, punitive damages and attorney's fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988 for violations of his civil rights, as said rights are secured by said statutes and the Constitutions of the State of New York and the United States.

JURISDICTION

2. This action is brought pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and the First, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.

3. Jurisdiction is founded upon 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1343 and 1367.

VENUE

4. Venue is properly laid in the Eastern District of New York under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that this is the District in which the claim arose.

JURY DEMAND

5. Plaintiff respectfully demands a trial by jury of all issues in this matter pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 38(b).

PARTIES

6. Plaintiff is a Hispanic male and was at all relevant times a resident of the City and State of New York.

7. Defendant, the City of New York, was and is a municipal corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York.

8. Defendant, the City of New York, maintains the New York City Police Department, a duly authorized public authority and/or police department, authorized to perform all functions of a police department as per the applicable sections of the New York State Criminal Procedure Law, acting under the direction and supervision of the aforementioned municipal corporation, the City of New York.

9. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the individually named defendants, SERGEANT MATTHEW RIZZUTO, SERGEANT GREGORY PRYER, and P.O.s "JOHN DOE" #1-10, were duly sworn police officers of said department and were acting under the supervision of said department and according to their official duties.

10. At all times hereinafter mentioned, the defendants, either personally or through their employees, were acting under color of state law and/or in compliance with the official rules, regulations, laws, statutes, customs, usages and/or practices of the State or City of New York.

11. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants while acting within the scope of their employment by defendant City of New York.

12. Each and all of the acts of the defendants alleged herein were done by said defendants while acting in furtherance of their employment by defendant City of New York.

FACTS

13. On or about April 18, 2012, at approximately 4:00 p.m., plaintiff Luis Jara was operating a 1999 blue Dodge minivan in the vicinity of 111th Street and 101st Avenue, in the county of Queens, in the City and State of New York.

14. Plaintiff Luis Jara was then pulled over by an unmarked police vehicle, allegedly because the vehicle had a taillight out.

15. Thereafter, defendant police officers approached plaintiff Luis Jara's vehicle screaming "I know you have a gun in the vehicle."

16. At no time did plaintiff Luis Jara *ever* possess a firearm; much less keep one inside his vehicle.

17. Plaintiff Luis Jara denied having any firearm on his person or inside his vehicle.

18. Thereafter, defendant police officers ordered plaintiff Luis Jara to exit the vehicle; an instruction he fully complied with.

19. Defendant police officers then proceeded to unlawfully search Luis Jara and the minivan, finding no firearm whatsoever.

20. In connection with this arrest, defendant filled out false and misleading police reports and forwarded them to prosecutors in the Queens County District Attorney's Office.

21. Despite finding no such firearm, plaintiff Luis Jara was nonetheless arrested for, *inter alia*, Criminal Possession of a Weapon in the Second Degree.

22. Plaintiff was thereafter arraigned on April 19, 2012 at approximately 5:30 A.M.

23. Bail was set at \$50,000, an amount which far exceeded plaintiff Luis Jara's means.

24. Plaintiff Luis Jara spent the next six (6) months as a prisoner in Rikers Island Correctional Facility.

25. A Grand Jury was not empaneled to hear the facts of the case until October 2012, approximately six (6) months after his arrest.

26. In October 2012, the Grand Jury, after hearing the evidence from the defendants, refused to indict plaintiff Luis Jara on any criminal charges, and returned a "No True Bill".

27. As a result of this unlawful arrest, plaintiff Luis Jara spent approximately six (6) months in jail, and was required to make multiple court appearances to defend himself against the false charges which defendants had filed against him.

28. Notwithstanding defendants' unlawful and perjurious conduct, in October 2012, all charges against plaintiff Luis Jara were dismissed.

29. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff Luis Jara sustained, inter alia, loss of liberty, emotional distress, embarrassment and humiliation and deprivation of his constitutional rights.

FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF
DEPRIVATION OF FEDERAL CIVIL RIGHTS UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

30. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "29" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.

31. All of the aforementioned acts of defendants, their agents, servants and employees were carried out under the color of law.

32. All of the aforementioned acts deprived plaintiff Luis Jara of the rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed to citizens of the United States by the First, Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and

Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America, and in violation of 42 U.S.C. §1983.

33. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, with all the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.

34. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers, pursuant to the customs, usages, practices, procedures, and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.

35. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, engaged in conduct which constituted a custom, usage, practice, procedure or rule of his/her respective municipality/authority, which is forbidden by the Constitution of the United States.

SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF
FALSE ARREST UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

36. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "35" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.

37. As a result of defendants' aforementioned conduct, plaintiff Luis Jara was subjected to an illegal, improper and false arrest by the defendants and taken into custody and caused to be falsely imprisoned, detained, confined, incarcerated and prosecuted by the defendants in criminal proceedings, without any probable cause, privilege or consent.

38. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff's liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, and he was put in fear for his safety, was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing, and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF
MALICIOUS PROSECUTION UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

39. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "38" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.

40. Defendants misrepresented and falsified evidence before the District Attorney.

41. Defendants did not make a complete and full statement of facts to the District Attorney.

42. Defendants withheld exculpatory evidence from the District Attorney.

43. Defendants were directly and actively involved in the initiation of criminal proceedings against Luis Jara.

44. Defendants lacked probable cause to initiate criminal proceedings against plaintiff Luis Jara.

45. Defendants acted with malice in initiating criminal proceedings against plaintiff Luis Jara.

46. Defendants were directly and actively involved in the continuation of criminal proceedings against plaintiff Luis Jara.

47. Defendants lacked probable cause to continue criminal proceedings against plaintiff Luis Jara.

48. Defendants acted with malice in continuing criminal proceedings against Luis Jara.

49. Defendants misrepresented and falsified evidence throughout all phases of the criminal proceedings.

50. Notwithstanding the perjurious and fraudulent conduct of defendants, the criminal proceedings were terminated in plaintiff Luis Jara's favor in October, 2012, when all charges against him were dismissed.

51. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff's liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, and he was put in fear for his safety, was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing, and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

**FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
DENIAL OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO FAIR TRIAL
UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983**

52. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "51" as if the same were more fully set forth at length herein.

53. Defendants created false evidence against plaintiff Luis Jara.

54. Defendants forwarded false evidence and false information to prosecutors in the Queens County District Attorney's Office.

55. In creating false evidence against plaintiff Luis Jara, in forwarding false evidence and information to prosecutors, and in providing false and misleading testimony, defendants violated plaintiff's constitutional right to a fair trial under the Due Process Clause of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.

56. As a result of the defendants' fabrication of evidence, plaintiff's liberty was restricted for an extended period of time, and he was put in fear for his safety, was humiliated and subjected to handcuffing, and other physical restraints, without probable cause.

FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
MALICIOUS ABUSE OF PROCESS UNDER 42 U.S.C. § 1983

57. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "56" with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.

58. The aforementioned individual defendants issued legal process to place plaintiff Luis Jara under arrest.

59. The aforementioned individual defendants arrest plaintiff Luis Jara in order to obtain a collateral objective outside the legitimate ends of the legal process.

60. The aforementioned individual defendants acted with intent to do harm to plaintiff Luis Jara, without excuse or justification.

61. As a result of the foregoing, plaintiff Luis Jara sustained, *inter alia*, mental anguish, shock, fright, apprehension, embarrassment, humiliation, and deprivation of his constitutional rights.

FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF
MUNICIPAL LIABILITY

62. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and realleges each and every allegation contained in paragraphs "1" through "61" as if the same were more fully set forth at length herein.

63. Defendants arrested and incarcerated plaintiff Luis Jara in the absence of any evidence of criminal wrongdoing, notwithstanding their knowledge that said arrest and incarceration would jeopardize plaintiff's liberty, well-being, safety and constitutional rights.

64. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials, with all the actual and/or apparent authority attendant thereto.

65. The acts complained of were carried out by the aforementioned individual defendants in their capacities as police officers and officials pursuant to the customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures, and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, all under the supervision of ranking officers of said department.

66. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department constituted a deliberate indifference to the safety, well-being and constitutional rights of plaintiff Luis Jara.

67. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the direct and proximate cause of the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff Luis Jara as alleged herein.

68. The foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department were the moving force behind the constitutional violations suffered by plaintiff Luis Jara as alleged herein.

69. As a result of the foregoing customs, policies, usages, practices, procedures and rules of the City of New York and the New York City Police Department, plaintiff Luis Jara was incarcerated unlawfully for one day.

70. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, were directly and actively involved in violating the constitutional rights of plaintiff Luis Jara.

71. Defendants, collectively and individually, while acting under color of state law, acquiesced in a pattern of unconstitutional conduct by subordinate police officers, and were directly responsible for the violation of plaintiff Luis Jara's constitutional rights.

72. All of the foregoing acts by defendants deprived plaintiff Luis Jara of federally protected rights, including, but not limited to, the right:

- A. Not to be deprived of liberty without due process of law;
- B. To be free from seizure and arrest not based upon probable cause;
- C. To be free from unwarranted and malicious criminal prosecution;
- D. Not to have cruel and unusual punishment imposed upon him; and
- E. To receive equal protection under the law.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff Luis Jara demands judgment in the sum of five million dollars (\$5,000,000.00) in compensatory damages, one million dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in punitive damages, plus attorney's fees, costs, and disbursements of this action.

Dated: New York, New York
December 2, 2013

BY: 

JON L. NORINSBERG (JN-2133)
Attorney for Plaintiff
225 Broadway, Suite 2700
New York, N.Y. 10007
(212) 791-5396

LUIS JARA,

Plaintiff,

-against-

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, SERGEANT MATTHEW RIZZUTO, Shield No.: 5708, SERGEANT GREGORY PRYER, Shield No.: 4705 and P.O.s "JOHN DOE" #1-10, Individually and in their Official Capacities, (the name John Doe being fictitious, as the true names are presently unknown),
Defendants.

AMENDED SUMMONS AND COMPLAINT

JON L. NORINSBERG

Attorney for Plaintiffs

Office and Post Office Address, Telephone

225 Broadway - Suite 2700

New York, New York 10007

(212) 791-5396

Signature (Rule 130-1.1a)

Print Name Beneath

To

Attorney(s) for Defendants

Service of a copy of the within is hereby admitted.

Dated

Attorney(s) for

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

☐ NOTICE OF ENTRY

that the within is a (certified) true copy of a

duly entered in the office of the clerk of the within named court on

20

☐ NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT

that an order

will be presented for settlement to the HON.

within named Court, at

on

20

at

of which the within is a true copy
one of the judges of the

Dated,

Yours, etc